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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. **PP01US**  
First Inventor or Application Identifier **Kia Silverbrook**  
Title **COMPACT COLOR PRINTER MODULE**  
Express Mail Label No. \_\_\_\_\_

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)  
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages **17**]  
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
  - Descriptive title of the invention
  - Cross References to Related Applications
  - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
  - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
  - Background of the Invention
  - Brief Summary of the Invention
  - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
  - Detailed Description
  - Claim(s)
  - Abstract of the Disclosure
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets **12**]
4. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages **3**]
  - a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
  - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)
    - i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

**NOTE FOR ITEMS 1 & 3: IN ORDER TO BE ENTITLED TO PAY SMALL ENTITY FEES, A SMALL ENTITY STATEMENT IS REQUIRED (37 C.F.R. § 1.27), EXCEPT IF ONE FILED IN A PRIOR APPLICATION IS RELIED UPON (37 C.F.R. § 1.28).**

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231

5. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
  - a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
  - b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
  - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

## ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

7. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
8. ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) Statement of Power of (when there is an assignee) ☐ Attorney
9. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
10. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
11. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
12. ☐ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
13. ☒ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired (PTO/SB/08-12)
14. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
15. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment

Prior application information: ☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner: \_\_\_\_\_ Group / Art Unit: \_\_\_\_\_

For CONTINUATION or DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

## 17. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer Number or Bar Code Label	<b>24011</b>	or <input type="checkbox"/> Correspondence address below
(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)		
Name	Kia Silverbrook	
	Silverbrook Research Pty Ltd	
Address	393 Darling Street	
City	Balmain	State NSW Zip Code 2041
Country	AUSTRALIA	Telephone 61-2-9818-6633 Fax 61-2-9818-6711

Name (Print/Type)	<b>Kia Silverbrook</b>	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	
Signature	<i>[Signature]</i>	Date	<b>May 16, 2000</b>

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**STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS  
 (37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(c))--SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

Docket Number (Optional)  
 PP01US

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: Silverbrook Research Pty Ltd  
 Application or Patent No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Filed or Issued: May, 2000  
 Title: COMPACT COLOR PRINTER MODULE

I hereby state that I am

- ☒ the owner of the small business concern identified below;  
☐ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below.

NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN Silverbrook Research Pty. Ltd.

ADDRESS OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN 393 Darling Street, Balmain, NSW 2041, Australia

I hereby state that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR Part 121 for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Questions related to size standards for a small business concern may be directed to: Small Business Administration, Size Standards Staff, 409 Third Street, SW, Washington, DC 20416.

I hereby state that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention described in:

- ☒ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.  
☐ the application identified above.  
☐ the patent identified above.

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern, or organization having rights in the invention must file separate statements as to their status as small entities, and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e)

- Each person, concern, or organization having any rights in the invention is listed below:  
☒ no such person, concern, or organization exists.  
☐ each such person, concern, or organization is listed below.

Separate statements are required from each named person/concern or organization having rights to the invention stating their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING Kia Silverbrook

TITLE OF PERSON IF OTHER THAN OWNER \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING 393 Darling Street, Balmain, NSW 2041, Australia

SIGNATURE  DATE May 16, 2000

06575182-052300

# COMPACT COLOR PRINTER MODULE

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to a compact printer system able to print full-color, business card size documents from a device about the size of a pen. The system includes various hot-connectable modules that provide a range of functions. In particular the invention relates to a compact color printer that provides a print function for the compact printer system.

Reference may be had to co-pending applications claiming priority from Australian Provisional Patent Application number PQ0560 dated 25 May 1999. The co-pending applications describe related modules and methods for implementing the compact printer system. The co-pending applications are as follows:

USSN	Docket No.	Title
TBA	PP02	Modular Compact Printer System
TBA	PP03	Nozzle Capping Mechanism
TBA	PP04	Ink Cartridge for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP07	Controller for Printer Module
TBA	PP08	Camera Module for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP09	Image Processor for Camera Module
TBA	PP10	Memory Module for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP11	Effects Module for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP12	Effects Processor for Effects Module
TBA	PP13	Timer Module for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP15	Color Conversion Method for Compact Printer System
TBA	PP16	Method and Apparatus of Dithering
TBA	PP17	Method and Apparatus of Image Conversion

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Microelectronic manufacturing techniques have led to the miniaturization of numerous devices. Mobile phones, personal digital assistant devices, and digital cameras are very common examples of the miniaturization trend.

One device that has not seen the advantage of microelectronic manufacturing techniques is the printer. Commercially available printers are large compared to many of the devices they could support. For instance, it is impractical to carry a color printer for the purpose of instantly printing photographs taken with known compact digital cameras.

A compact printhead has been described in co-pending United States Patent Applications filed simultaneously to the present application and hereby incorporated

by cross reference:

USSN	Docket No.	Title
TBA	MJ62	Fluidic seal for an ink jet nozzle assembly
TBA	IJ52	Ink jet printhead having a moving nozzle with an externally arranged actuator
TBA	IJM52	Method of manufacture of an ink jet printhead having a moving nozzle with an externally arranged actuator
TBA	MJ63	Ink jet printhead nozzle array
TBA	MJ58	Nozzle guard for an ink jet printhead

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one form, the invention resides in a printer module for a compact printer system comprising:

an elongate body;

a stationary printhead housed within said body,

means for moving a printable media past said stationary printhead;

an ink reservoir within said body and communicating with said printhead;

means within said body for storing an image to be printed by said printhead; and

means for transferring said image to said printhead;

said printhead printing said image on substantially the full width of said printable media in a single pass.

Further features of the invention will be evident from the following description.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order to assist with describing preferred embodiments of the invention, reference will be made to the following figures in which:

FIG 1 is a printer module;

FIG 2 is a camera module;

FIG 3 is a memory module;

FIG 4 is a communication module;

FIG 5 is a flash module;

FIG 6 is a timer module;

FIG 7 is a laser module;

FIG 8 is an effects module;

FIG 9 is a characters module;

FIG 10 is an adaptor module;

FIG 11 is a pen module;

FIG 12 is a dispenser module;

FIG 13 is a first compact printer configuration;

5 FIG 14 is a second compact printer configuration;

FIG 15 is a third compact printer configuration;

FIG 16 is a fourth compact printer configuration;

FIG 17 is an exploded view of the Printer Module of FIG 1;

FIG 18 is a top view of the Printer Module with ink cartridge removed;

10 FIG 19 is a cross-sectional view through AA in FIG 18; and

FIG 20 is a block circuit diagram of a controller for the printer module.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to FIGs 1 to 12, there are shown various modules that together form  
15 a compact printer system. Individual modules can be attached and detached from the compact printer configuration to allow a user-definable solution to business-card sized printing. Images can also be transferred from one compact printer to another without the use of a secondary computer system. Modules have a minimal user-interface to allow straightforward interaction.

20 A compact printer system configuration consists of a number of compact printer modules connected together. Each compact printer module has a function that contributes to the overall functionality of the particular compact printer configuration. Each compact printer module is typically shaped like part of a pen, physically connecting with other compact printer modules to form the complete pen-shaped  
25 device. The length of the compact printer device depends on the number and type of compact printer modules connected. The functionality of a compact printer configuration depends on the compact printer modules in the given configuration.

The compact printer modules connect both physically and logically. The physical connection allows modules to be connected in any order, and the logical connection is taken care of by the compact printer Serial Bus - a bus that provides  
30 power, allows the modules to self configure and provides for the transfer of data.

In terms of physical connection, most compact printer modules consist of a central body, a male connector at one end, and a female connector at the other. Since most modules have both a male and female connector, the modules can typically be

connected in any order. Certain modules only have a male or a female connector, but this is determined by the function of the module. Adaptor modules allow these single-connector modules to be connected at either end of a given compact printer configuration.

5 A four wire physical connection between all the compact printer modules provides the logical connection between them in the form of the compact printer Serial Bus. The compact printer Serial Bus provides power to each module, and provides the means by which data is transferred between modules. Importantly, the compact printer Serial Bus and accompanying protocol provides the means by which  
10 the compact printer system auto-configures, reducing the user-interface burden on the end-user.

Compact printer modules can be grouped into three types:

- image processing modules including a Printer Module (FIG 1), a Camera Module (FIG 2), and a Memory Module (FIG 3). Image processing modules  
15 are primarily what sets the compact printer system apart from other pen-like devices. Image processing modules capture, print, store or manipulate photographic images;
- housekeeping modules including an Adapter Module (FIG 10), an Effects Module (FIG 8), a Communications Module (FIG 4), and a Timer Module (FIG 6). Housekeeping modules provide services to other modules or extended  
20 functionality to other modules; and
- isolated modules including a Pen Module (FIG 11) and a Laser Module (FIG 7). Isolated modules are those that attach to the compact printer system but are completely independent of any other module. They do not necessarily require power, and may even provide their own power. Isolated Modules are defined because  
25 the functionality they provide is typically incorporated into other pen-like devices.

Although housekeeping modules and isolated modules are useful components in a compact printer system, they are extras in a system dedicated to image processing and photographic manipulation. Life size (1:1) illustrations of the compact printer modules are shown in FIGs 1 to 12, and example configurations produced by  
30 connecting various modules together are shown in FIGs 13 to 16.

FIG 1 shows a printer module that incorporates a compact printhead described in co-pending United States Patent Applications listed in the Background section of this application, incorporated herewith by reference, and referred to herewith as a Memjet printhead. The Memjet printhead is a drop-on-demand 1600 dpi inkjet printer

that produces bi-level dots in up to 4 colors to produce a printed page of a particular width. Since the printhead prints dots at 1600 dpi, each dot is approximately 22.5µm in diameter, and spaced 15.875µm apart. Because the printing is bi-level, the input image should be dithered or error-diffused for best results. Typically a Memjet  
5 printhead for a particular application is page-width. This enables the printhead to be stationary and allows the paper to move past the printhead. A Memjet printhead is composed of a number of identical 1/2 inch Memjet segments.

The printer module 10 comprises a body 11 housing the Memjet printhead. Power is supplied by a three volt battery housed in battery compartment 12. The  
10 printhead is activated to commence printing when a business card (or similar sized printable media) is inserted into slot 13. Male connector 14 and female connector 15 facilitate connection of other modules to the printer module 10.

FIG 2 shows a camera module 20. The camera module provides a point-and-shoot camera component to the compact printer system as a means of capturing  
15 images. The camera module comprises a body 21 having a female connector 22. A lens 23 directs an image to an image sensor and specialized image processing chip within the camera 24. A conventional view finder 25 is provided as well as a lens cap 26. An image is captured when the Take button 27 is pushed. Captured images are transferred to the Printer Module 10 for subsequent printing, manipulation, or storage.  
20 The Camera Module also contains a self-timer mode similar to that found on regular cameras.

FIG 3 shows a Memory Module 30 comprising a body 31, LCD 32, IN button 33, OUT button 34 and SELECT button 35. The Memory Module 30 is a standard  
25 module used for storing photographic images captured by the Camera 20. The memory module stores 48 images, each of which can be accessed either at full resolution or at thumbnail resolution. Full resolution provides read and write access to individual images, and thumbnail resolution provides read access to 16 images at once in thumbnail form.

The Memory Module 30 attaches to other modules via a female connector 36  
30 or male connector 37. The male and female connectors allow the module to be connected at either end of a configuration. Power is provided from the Printer Module 10 via the Serial Bus.

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changes, and painting styles. The Effects Module comprises a body 81 housing custom electronics and a LCD 82. A CHOOSE button 83 allows a user to choose between a number of different types of effects. A SELECT button 84 allows the user to select one effect from the number of effects of the chosen type. Pressing the APPLY button 85 applies the effect to image stored in the Printer Module 10. The Effects Module obtains power from the Serial Bus. Male connector 86 and female connector 87 allow the Effects Module to be connected to other compact printer system modules.

FIG 9 shows a Character Module 90 that is a special type of Effects Module (described above) that only contains character clip-art effects of a given topic or genre. Examples include The Simpsons<sup>®</sup>, Star Wars<sup>®</sup>, Batman<sup>®</sup>, and Dilbert<sup>®</sup> as well as company specific modules for McDonalds<sup>®</sup> etc. As such it is an image processing module. It consists of a body 91 housing custom electronics and a LCD 92. SELECT button 93 allows the user to choose the effect that is to be applied with APPLY button 94. The Character Module obtains power from the Serial Bus through male connector 95 and female connector 96.

The Adaptor Module 100, shown in FIG 10, is a female/female connector that allows connection between two modules that terminate in male connectors. A male/male connector (not shown) allows connection between two modules that terminate in female connectors. The Adaptor Module is a housekeeping module, in that it facilitates the use of other modules, and does not perform any specific processing of its own.

All "through" modules have a male connector at one end, and a female connector at the other end. The modules can therefore be chained together, with each module connected at either end of the chain. However some modules, such as the Laser Module 70, are terminating modules, and therefore have either a male or female connector only. Such single-connector modules can only be connected at one end of the chain. If two such modules are to be connected at the one time, an Adaptor Module 100 is required.

FIG 11 shows a Pen Module 110 which is a pen in a module form. It is an isolated module in that it attaches to the compact printer system but is completely independent of any other module. It does not consume or require any power. The Pen Module is defined because it is a convenient extension of a pen shaped, pen sized

device. It may also come with a cap 111. The cap may be used to keep terminating connectors clean in the case where the chain ends with a connector rather than a terminating module.

To assist with accurately feeding a business card sized print media into slot 13 of the printer module 10, a dispenser module 120 is provided as shown in FIG12. The dispenser module 120 comprises a body 121 that holds a store of business card sized print media. A Printer Module 10 locates into socket 122 on the dispenser module 120. When correctly aligned, a card dispensed from the dispenser module by slider 123 enters slot 13 and is printed.

In the sense that a minimum configuration compact printer system must be able to print out photos, a minimum compact printer configuration contains at least a Printer Module 10. The Printer Module holds a single photographic image that can be printed out via its Memjet printer. It also contains the 3V battery required to power the compact printer system.

In this minimum configuration, the user is only able to print out photos. Each time a user inserts a business card 130 into the slot in the Printer Module, the image in the Printer Module is printed onto the card. The same image is printed each time a business card is inserted into the printer. In this minimum configuration there is no way for a user to change the image that is printed. The dispenser module 120 can be used to feed cards 130 into the Printer Module with a minimum of fuss, as shown in FIG 13.

By connecting a Camera Module 20 to the minimum configuration compact printer system the user now has an instant printing digital camera in a pen, as shown in FIG 14. The Camera Module 20 provides the mechanism for capturing images and the Printer Module 10 provides the mechanism for printing them out. The battery in the Printer Module provides power for both the camera and the printer.

When the user presses the "Take" button 27 on the Camera Module 20, the image is captured by the camera 24 and transferred to the Printer Module 10. Each time a business card is inserted into the printer the captured image is printed out. If the user presses "Take" on the Camera Module again, the old image in the Printer Module is replaced by the new image.

If the Camera Module is subsequently detached from the compact printer system, the captured image remains in the Printer Module, and can be printed out as

many times as desired. The Camera Module is simply there to capture images to be placed in the Printer Module.

FIG 15 shows a further configuration in which a Memory Module 30 is connected to the configuration of FIG 14. In the embodiment of FIG 15, the user has the ability to transfer images between the Printer Module 10 and a storage area contained in the Memory Module 30. The user selects the image number on the Memory Module, and then either sends that image to the Printer Module (replacing whatever image was already stored there), or brings the current image from the Printer Module to the specified image number in the Memory Module. The Memory Module also provides a way of sending sets of thumbnail images to the Printer Module.

Multiple Memory Modules can be included in a given system, extending the number of images that can be stored. A given Memory Module can be disconnected from one compact printer system and connected to another for subsequent image printing.

With the Camera Module 20 attached to a Memory Module/Printer Module compact printer system, as shown in FIG 15, the user can "Take" an image with the Camera Module, then transfer it to the specified image number in the Memory Module. The captured images can then be printed out in any order.

By connecting a Communications Module 40 to the minimum configuration compact printer system, the user gains the ability to transfer images between a PC and the compact printer system. FIG 16 shows the configuration of FIG 15 with the addition of a Communications Module 40. The Communications Module makes the Printer Module 10 and any Memory Modules 30 visible to an external computer system. This allows the download or uploading of images. The communications module also allows computer control of any connected compact printer modules, such as the Camera Module 20.

In the general case, the Printer Module holds the "current" image, and the other modules function with respect to this central repository of the current image. The Printer Module is therefore the central location for image interchange in the compact printer system, and the Printer Module provides a service to other modules as specified by user interaction.

A given module may act as an image source. It therefore has the ability to transfer an image to the Printer Module. A different module may act as an image store. It therefore has the ability to read the image from the Printer Module. Some

modules act as both image store and image source. These modules can both read images from and write images to the Printer Module's current image.

The standard image type has a single conceptual definition. The image definition is derived from the physical attributes of the printhead used in the Printer Module. The printhead is 2 inches wide and prints at 1600dpi in cyan, magenta and yellow bi-level dots. Consequently a printed image from the compact printer system is 3200 bi-level dots wide.

The compact printer system prints on business card sized pages (85mm x 55mm). Since the printhead is 2 inches wide, the business cards are printed such that 1 line of dots is 2 inches. 2 inches is 50.8mm, leaving a 2mm edge on a standard business-card sized page. The length of the image is derived from the same card size with a 2mm edge. Consequently the printed image length is 81mm, which equals 5100 1600dpi dots. The printed area of a page is therefore 81mm x 51mm, or 5100 x 3200 dots.

To obtain an integral contone to bi-level ratio a contone resolution of 267 ppi (pixels per inch) is chosen. This yields a contone CMY page size of 850 x 534, and a contone to bi-level ratio of 1:6 in each dimension. This ratio of 1:6 provides no perceived loss of quality since the output image is bi-level.

The printhead prints dots in cyan, magenta, and yellow ink. The final output to the printed page must therefore be in the gamut of the printhead and take the attributes of the inks into account. It would at first seem reasonable to use the CMY color space to represent images. However, the printer's CMY color space does not have a linear response. This is definitely true of pigmented inks, and partially true for dye-based inks. The individual color profile of a particular device (input and output) can vary considerably. Image capture devices (such as digital cameras) typically work in RGB (red green blue) color space, and each sensor will have its own color response characteristics.

Consequently, to allow for accurate conversion, as well as to allow for future image sensors, inks, and printers, the CIE  $L^*a^*b^*$  color model [CIE, 1986, CIE 15.2 Colorimetry: Technical Report (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition), Commission Internationale De l'Eclairage] is used for the compact printer system.  $L^*a^*b^*$  is well defined, perceptually linear, and is a superset of other traditional color spaces (such as CMY, RGB, and HSV).

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534 x 3).

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the ink cartridge 17. Ink inlets 105 provide communication between the ink cartridge 17 and the printhead 16. Micro-moulded channels 106 in the chassis 11c distribute the ink from the ink inlets 105 to the length of the printhead 16.

5        Serial bus 104 provides power and data between the printer module 10 and other modules connected to male connector 14 and female connector 15. The serial bus 104 picks up power from the battery 12a and signals from the controller 101.

10        Looking at FIG 19, to print an image, a user simply inserts a business card into the input slot 13 of the Printer Module. Sensor 102 detects the insertion and a small motor 103a and gearbox 103b activates rollers 18 to carry the card through the module. A tab film 107 provides signal connection from the sensor 102 to the controller 101 and hence to the motor and gearbox 103. A wedge 108 holds the tab film 107 in place to make a signal connection.

15        The printed card is ejected from the output slot 13a of the module over a time period of 1 second. There is no on/off switch - the act of inserting the card is the effective "on" switch for the duration of a print.

20        To reduce the chance of ink drying in the printhead 16 a capping mechanism 19 is provided to cap the ink nozzles in the printhead. The capping mechanism 19 comprises a capping arm 191 supporting a blotter 192 with adjacent elastomeric seals 193. A clutch 194 is operatively associated with one of the powered rollers 18a to move the capping arm 191 out of the path of the card for printing.

25        The volume of ink present in an ink cartridge is 450 ml (2mm x 3mm x 75mm), enough to produce 450 million dots of a given color. The exact number of images that can be printed before replacement will depend on the color composition of those images. 450 ml represents:

- 30        • 25 full black cards (black requires all three colors to be used)
- 50 full sized photos at 50% CMY coverage
- 111 typical photo/text cards at 22.5% CMY coverage
- 166 cards of black (CMY) text at 15% coverage

30        A QA chip in the ink cartridge keeps track of how much ink has been used. Sensors in the ink cartridge provide signals to the QA chip that are transferred to the controller 101 via contacts 109. If there is insufficient ink of any color to print a given image, the card will pass through the printer module, but nothing will be printed.

      It is a simple matter to replace the old ink cartridge 17 by sliding latch 171, removing lid 11a, unclipping the old cartridge and clipping on a new one.

A schematic of a suitable controller 101 is shown in FIG 20. The controller may be embodied in a single application specific integrated circuit or in a number of discrete elements. The controller 101 includes a simple micro-controller CPU core 201 with associated program ROM 202 and program RAM 203. The CPU 201 communicates with the other units within the controller via memory-mapped I/O supported by a Memory Decoder 204. The Decoder 204 translates data addresses into internal controller register accesses over the internal low speed bus 205, and therefore allows for memory mapped I/O of controller registers. The bus 205 includes address lines 205a and data or control lines 205b.

An optional Serial Bus interface 206, is connected to the internal chip low-speed bus 205 and connects to the Serial Bus for communication with other modules. A parallel interface 207 provides communication to the motor and gearbox 103 in the printer module 10. It can also receive signals from buttons, such as a paper sensor 102.

There are two optional low-speed serial interfaces 208, 209 connected to the internal low-speed bus 205. A first interface 208 connects to the QA chip 220 in the ink cartridge of the printer module 10. The second interface connects to a QA chip 221 on the print module 10. The reason for having two interfaces is to connect to both the on-module QA Chip 221 and to the ink cartridge QA Chip 220 using separate lines to improve security. If only a single line is used, a clone ink cartridge manufacturer could usurp the authentication mechanism and provide a non-proprietary cartridge.

The total amount of memory required for the interleaved linear CMY/L\*a\*b\* image is 1,361,700 bytes (approximately 1.3 MB). The image is written to Image Storage Memory 211 by the Image Access Unit 212, and read by both the Image Access Unit 212 and the Printhead Interface (PHI) 210. The CPU does not have direct random access to this image memory. It must access the image pixels via the Image Access Unit 212. The Printhead Interface 210 is the means by which the controller loads the printhead 16 with the dots to be printed, and controls the actual dot printing process.

The controller 101 may also include a clock phase-locked loop 213 that provides timing signals to the controller. The clock 213 draws a base signal from crystal oscillator 214. Some CPUs include a clock so the clock and crystal would not be required.

A standard JTAG (Joint Test Action Group) Interface 215 is included in the controller for testing purposes. Due to the complexity of the controller, a variety of testing techniques are required, including BIST (Built In Self Test) and functional block isolation. An overhead of 10% in chip area is assumed for overall chip testing circuitry.

The battery used to power the compact printer system is a CR1/3N cell. The battery contains enough power to print 133 photos. The characteristics of the battery are listed in the following table.

Parameter	Value
Type Designation	CR1/3N
Voltage (V)	3
Electrochemical System	Lithium
Typical Capacity (mAh)	170
Height (mm)	10.80
Diameter (mm)	11.60
Weight (g)	3.00

Throughout the specification the aim has been to describe the preferred embodiments of the invention without limiting the invention to any one embodiment or specific collection of features. Persons skilled in the relevant art may realize variations from the specific embodiments that will nonetheless fall within the scope of the invention.



## CLAIMS

1. A printer module for a compact printer system comprising:  
an elongate body;  
a stationary printhead housed within said body,  
5 means for moving a printable media past said stationary printhead;  
an ink reservoir within said body and communicating with said printhead;  
means within said body for storing an image to be printed by said printhead; and  
means for transferring said image to said printhead;  
said printhead printing said image on substantially the full width of said printable  
10 media in a single pass.
2. The printer module of claim 1 further comprising a controller, said controller  
controlling operation of said printer module.
3. The printer module of claim 2 wherein said means for storing said image is  
flash memory associated with said controller.
- 15 4. The printer module of claim 2 wherein said controller includes said means for  
transferring said image to said printhead.
5. The printer module of claim 1 further comprising a sensor means detecting  
said printing media and activating said means for moving said printing media in  
response to said detection.
- 20 6. The printer module of claim 1 further comprising a power source within said  
housing.
7. The printer module of claim 1 further comprising at least one connector at an  
end of said body for connecting one or more further modules to said printer module  
and a bus providing power and data between said printer module and said one or more  
25 further modules.
8. The printer module of claim 1 wherein the elongate body is substantially  
cylindrical.
9. The printer module of claim 1 wherein the printhead is a monolithic drop-on-  
demand inkjet printer.
- 30 10. The printer module of claim 1 wherein the means for moving printable media  
comprises a motive means driving one or more powered rollers adjacent one or more  
neutral rollers.
11. The printer module of claim 10 wherein the motive means is an electric motor  
and gearbox.

12. The printer module of claim 2 wherein said controller incorporates image processing and quality assurance integrated circuits.

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## ABSTRACT

A printer module for a compact printer system comprises a stationary printhead, an ink reservoir, a motive means and an image storing means, all housed within an elongate body. The motive means carries a printable media past the  
5 printhead which prints a full width image in a single pass. A power supply is also preferably housed within the elongate body.

The body is preferably cylindrical and approximately the size of a large pen. The printhead is suitably a monolithic drop-on-demand inkjet printer.

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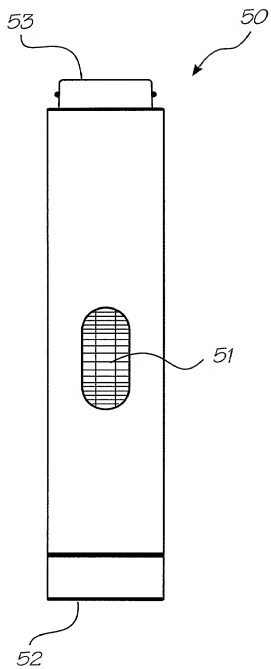


FIG. 5

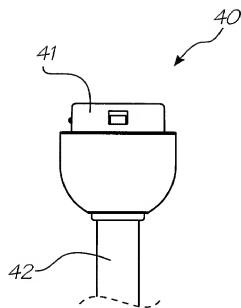


FIG. 4

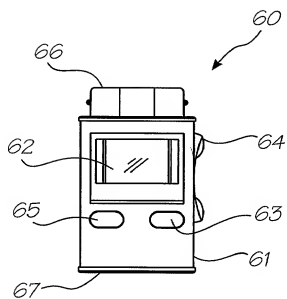


FIG. 6

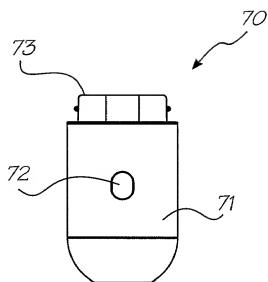


FIG. 7

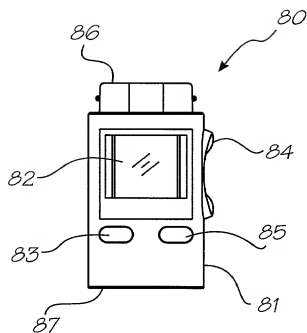


FIG. 8

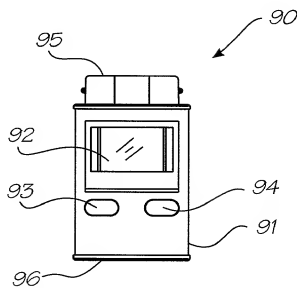


FIG. 9

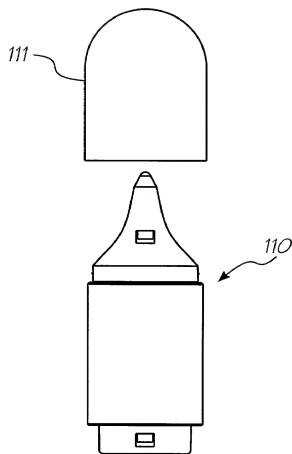


FIG. 11

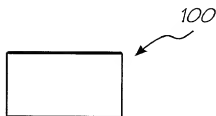


FIG. 10

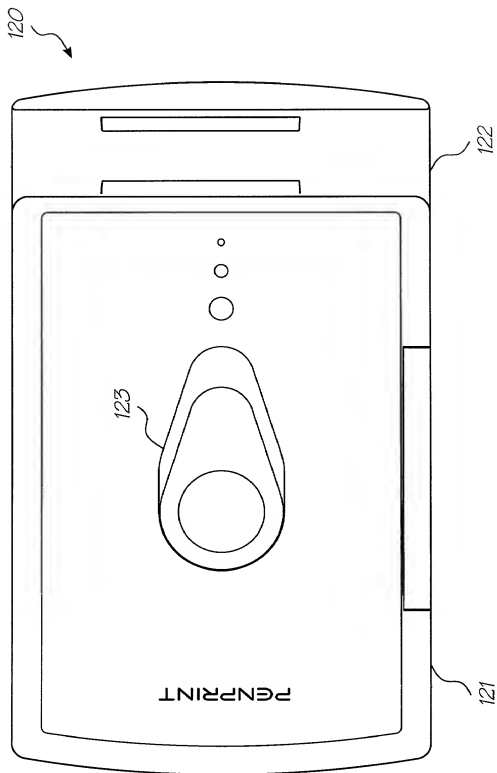


FIG. 12



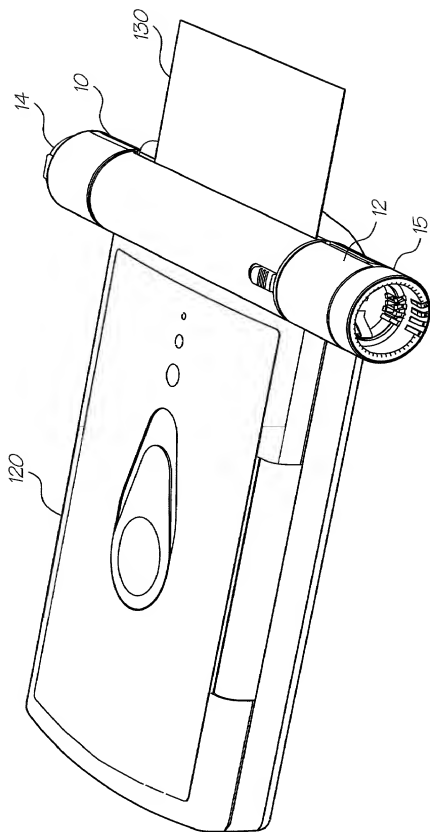


FIG. 13

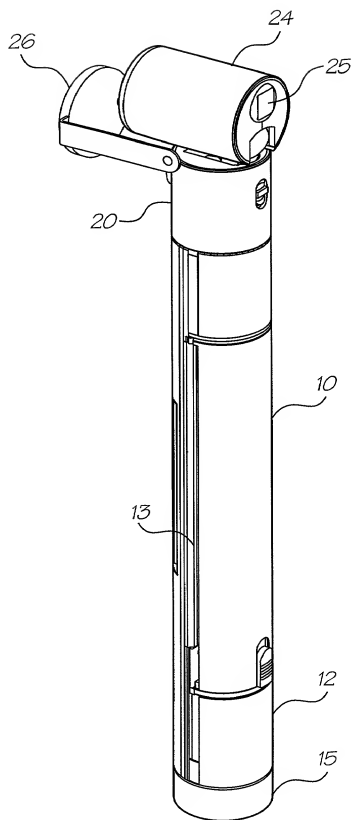
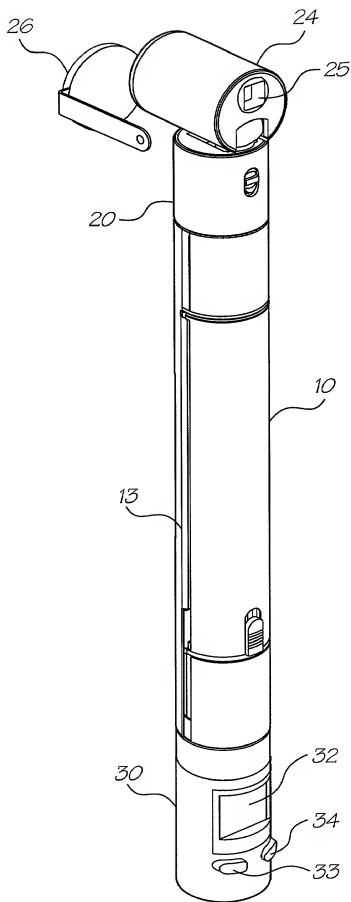


FIG. 14



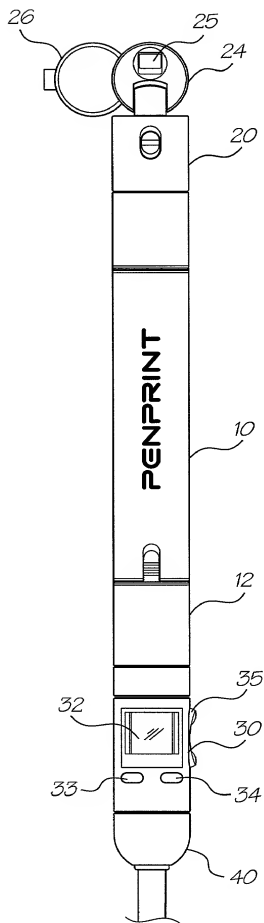


FIG. 16

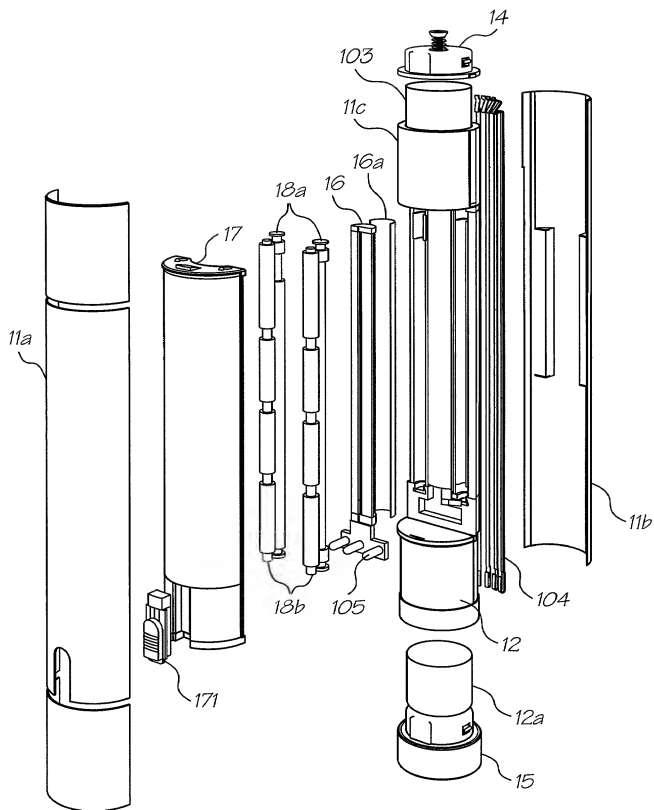


FIG. 17

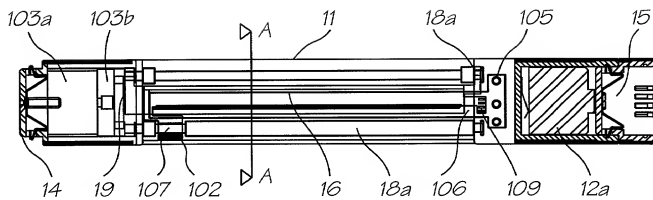


FIG. 18

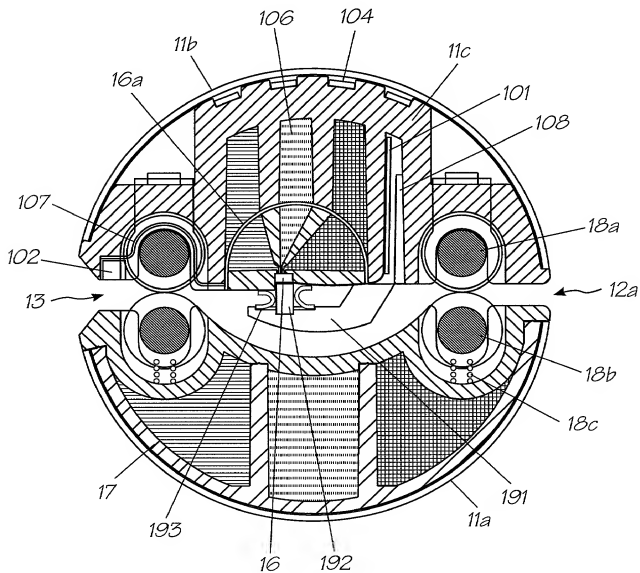


FIG. 19

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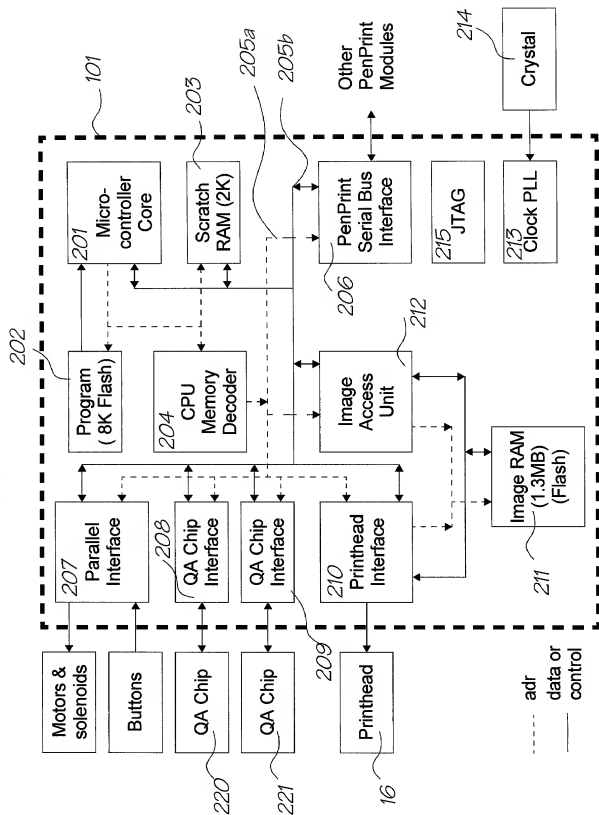


FIG. 20

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(37 CFR 1.63)**

☒ Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing **OR** ☐ Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)

**Attorney Docket Number** PP01US

**First Named Inventor** Kia Silverbrook

**COMPLETE IF KNOWN**

**Application Number** /

**Filing Date**

**Group Art Unit**

**Examiner Name**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**COMPACT COLOR PRINTER MODULE**

the specification of which (Title of the Invention)

☒ is attached hereto

OR

☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?
PQ0560	Australia	05/25/1999	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:

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(Page 1 of 2)

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
☐ Additional registered practitioner(s) named on supplemental Registered Practitioner Information sheet PTO/SB/02C attached hereto.

Direct all correspondence to: ☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label  OR ☐ Correspondence address below

Name	Kia Silverbrook				
Address	Silverbrook Research Pty Ltd				
Address	393 Darling Street				
City	Balmain	State	NSW	ZIP	2041
Country	Australia	Telephone	61-2-9818-6633	Fax	61-2-9818-6711

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Name of Sole or First Inventor:  ☐ A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

Given Name (first and middle (if any))		Family Name or Surname	
Kia		Silverbrook	
Inventor's Signature		Date	May 16, 2000
Residence: City	Balmain	State	NSW
		Country	Australia
		Citizenship	Australian
Post Office Address	393 Darling Street		
Post Office Address			
City	Balmain	State	NSW
		ZIP	2041
		Country	Australia

☒ Additional inventors are being named on the \_\_\_\_\_ supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto

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Supplemental Sheet**Page 1 of 1

<b>Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:</b>		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name (first and middle (if any))			Family Name or Surname		
Simon Robert			Walmsley		
Inventor's Signature	<i>Simon Walmsley</i>				Date
					May 16, 2000
Residence: City	Epping	State	NSW	Country	Australia
					Citizenship
	Australian				
Post Office Address					
Unit 3, 9 Pembroke Street					
Post Office Address					
City	Epping	State	NSW	ZIP	2121
				Country	Australia
<b>Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:</b>		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
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Inventor's Signature					Date
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